

Effect on sweet clover accessions (*Melilotus siculus* accession SA36980, SA36981, SA36983, SA39909, SA39910, SA40000, SA40001, SA40002, SA40004, SA40005, SA40006, SA40007, SA41637, SA41642, SA41645)

The net impact of individual and combined stress on plant growth

Crop: Sweet clover (*Melilotus siculus* accession SA36980, SA36981, SA36983, SA39909, SA39910, SA40000, SA40001, SA40002, SA40004, SA40005, SA40006, SA40007, SA41637, SA41642, SA41645)) Stress 1: Salt (200mM NaCl) Stress 2: Hypoxia Stage of plant : 21 days after imbibition

The table shows the effect of hypoxia and salt alone and in combination on growth of sweet clover accessions.

	Treatment	Plant response to stress	
		(reduction over control %) Type A parameters*	
		Shoot dry mass	Root dry mass
SA36980	Salt (200mM)	37.9♥	43.6
	Нурохіа	-3.2	11.0
SA3	Salt (200mM) + Hypoxia 1 day later (Sequential stress)	39.2	25.7
	Salt (200mM)	30.8	52.9
SA36981	Нурохіа	-5.0	20.6
SA3	Salt (200mM) + Hypoxia 1 day later (Sequential stress)	30.9♥	42.5
	Salt (200mM)	27.8	40.3
SA36983	Нурохіа	-4.3	6.4
	Salt (200mM) + Hypoxia 1 day later (Sequential stress)	31.6	34.9

	Salt (200mM)	53.0	55.9
SA39909	Нурохіа	21.6	9.7
	Salt (200mM) + Hypoxia 1 day later (Sequential stress)	36.6♥	40.1
SA39910	Salt (200mM)	47.4	54.3♥
	Нурохіа	3.4♥	-9.5↑
	Salt (200mM) + Hypoxia 1 day later (Sequential stress)	43.4	50.5
SA40000	Salt (200mM)	43.4	54.4
	Нурохіа	20.1	16.5
\mathbf{S}	Salt (200mM) + Hypoxia 1 day later (Sequential stress)	38.8	31.1
	Salt (200mM)	34.8	30.9♥
SA40001	Нурохіа	-15.3	-1.7
$\mathbf{S}^{\mathbf{A}}$	Salt (200mM) + Hypoxia 1 day later (Sequential stress)	27.2	43.6
0	Salt (200mM)	38.2	32.4
SA40002	Нурохіа	-5.1	2.8
S	Salt (200mM) + Hypoxia 1 day later (Sequential stress)	35.9	26.8
4	Salt (200mM)	49.2	41.4
SA40004	Нурохіа	-9.7	-25.4
S	Salt (200mM) + Hypoxia 1 day later (Sequential stress)	25.6	35.9
SA40005	Salt (200mM)	46.7	42.3
SA₄	Нурохіа	7.6	-23.2

	Salt (200mM) + Hypoxia 1 day later (Sequential stress)	29.9	42.3
SA40006	Salt (200mM)	55.4	46.5
	Нурохіа	-5.4	-27.0
SA	Salt (200mM) + Hypoxia 1 day later (Sequential stress)	48.9	33.8
SA40007	Salt (200mM)	39.9♥	25.9♥
	Нурохіа	-4.9	-2.2
SA₄	Salt (200mM) + Hypoxia 1 day later (Sequential stress)	18.7	36.7♥
	Salt (200mM)	-59.3	-14.2
SA41637	Нурохіа	-145.5	-61.9
SA^{\prime}	Salt (200mM) + Hypoxia 1 day later (Sequential stress)	-46.8	-8.0
	Salt (200mM)	17.1	45.6♥
SA41642	Нурохіа	-63.0	-47.6
SA∠	Salt (200mM) + Hypoxia 1 day later (Sequential stress)	-8.3	48.0
	Salt (200mM)	32.1	30.9♥
SA41645	Нурохіа	-44.0	-43.3
	Salt (200mM) + Hypoxia 1 day later (Sequential stress)	6.4	13.7

Reference – Striker GG, Teakle NL, Colmer TD,Barrett-Lennard EG (2015) Growth responses of *Melilotus siculus* accessions to combined salinity and root-zone hypoxia are correlated with differences in tissue ion concentrations and not differences in root aeration. Environmental and Experimental Botany109: 89–98.

Note: *Values presented in the table were calculated using the formula described below.*

(Value Control – Value Stress)

Reduction over control (%) = _____ x100

Value _{Control}

1) '\-' - indicates plant parameters affected by stress that lead to high susceptibility (higher the value more the damage).

2) 1 '- indicates plant parameters less/not affected by stress leading to improved resistance (higher the value lesser the damage).

'*' - For more information on parameter classification, please refer to the 'methodology' tab.

Inference from the study: Striker et.al. 2015, studied the interaction of hypoxia and salinity in fifteen accessions of sweet clover plants. Plants were subjected to single and sequential salt and hypoxia stress treatment. Shoot dry mass was reduced synergistically under combined stress for cultivars SA36980 and SA36983 only. Root dry mass reduces synergistically under combined stress for cultivars SA40007 and SA41642. **Thus, this stress combination is detrimental to the growth of sweet clover cultivars SA36980, SA36983, SA40007, and SA41642.**