## Stress Combination and their Interaction in Plants (SCIP) Database



Website link: <u>http://www.nipgr.res.in/scipdb.php</u>

Effect on wheat cultivars (Triticum aestivum L.)

## A. The net impact of individual and combined stress on the plant

Stress 1: Septoria tritici Stress 2: Septoria nodorum Stage of plant: Stem extention to heading

The table shows the impact of individual and combined stress on yield loss of wheat cultivars

	Treatment	Response under combined stress		
Cultivar		(Type A parameters*)		
		<b>Reduction over control (%)</b>		
		Grain yield/ear	1000 grain weight	Grain number/ ear
Maris Widgeon	S. tritici ( $10^4$ spores/mL) at plant G.S.6 + S. nodorum ( $5x10^5$ spores/mL) at plant G.S.10.3 (Sequential stress)	52.80 🖊	41.52 🖊	17.71
	<i>S. tritici</i> (10 <sup>4</sup> spores/mL) at plant G.S.8+ <i>S. nodorum</i> (5x10 <sup>5</sup> spores/mL) at plant G.S.10.3 (Sequential stress)	57.86 🖊	44.11 🖊	22.59
	S. tritici (10 <sup>4</sup> spores/mL) at plant G.S.6	30.33 🖊	16.94 🖊	13.34 🖊
	S. tritici (10 <sup>4</sup> spores/mL) at plant G.S.8	47.75 🖊	30.47 🖊	21.65 🖊
	<i>S. nodorum</i> (5x10 <sup>5</sup> spores/mL) at plant G.S.10.3	52.24 🖊	30.70 🖊	28.26 🖊
Cappelle- Desprez	S. tritici ( $10^4$ spores/mL) at plant G.S.6 + S. nodorum ( $5x10^5$ spores/mL) at plant G.S.10.3 (Sequential stress)	54.19 🖊	42.16 🖊	18.14 🖊
	S. tritici ( $10^4$ spores/mL) at plant G.S.8 + S. nodorum ( $5x10^5$ spores/mL) at plant G.S.10.3 (Sequential stress)	60 🖡	44.64 📕	26.94 🖊
	S. tritici (10 <sup>4</sup> spores/mL) at plant G.S.6	14.19 🖊	11.22 🖊	1.93 🖊
	<i>S. tritici</i> (10 <sup>4</sup> spores/mL) at plant G.S.8	40.64 🖊	25.32 🖊	18.33 🖊
	<i>S. nodorum</i> (5x10 <sup>5</sup> spores/mL) at plant G.S.10.3	45.80 🖊	36.68 🖊	22.33 🖊
Maris Nimrod	S. tritici ( $10^4$ spores/mL) at plant G.S.6 + S. nodorum ( $5x10^5$ spores/mL) at plant G.S.10.3 (Sequential stress)	62.31 🖊	56.31 🖊	17.17 🖊
	<i>S. tritici</i> (10 <sup>4</sup> spores/mL) at plant G.S.8+ <i>S. nodorum</i> (5x10 <sup>5</sup> spores/mL) at plant G.S.10.3 (Sequential stress)	47.73 🖊	37.68 🖊	16.51 🖊
	S. tritici (10 <sup>4</sup> spores/mL) at plant G.S.6	43.21 🖊	36.85 🖊	9.12 🖊
	S. tritici ( $10^4$ spores/mL) at plant G.S.8	53.76 🖊	41.09 🖊	11.23 📕
	<i>S. nodorum</i> (5x10 <sup>5</sup> spores/mL) at plant G.S.10.3	49.24 🖊	48.34 🖊	3.42 🖊
Kolibri + Sappo	S. tritici + S. nodorum (50:50 mixture at $5x10^{5}$ spores/mL) at plant G.S.9+ S. nodorum ( $10^{4}$ spore/mL) at plant G.S. 10.5.4 (Sequential stress)	5.59 🖡	N/A	N/A
	S. tritici + S. nodorum (75:25 mixture at $5x10^5$ spores/mL) at plant G.S.9+ S. nodorum ( $10^4$ spore/mL) at plant G.S. 10.5.4 (Sequential stress)	7.78 🖡	N/A	N/A
	S. tritici + S. nodorum (90:10 mixture at $5 \times 10^5$	5.26 🖊	N/A	N/A

spores/mL) at plant G.S.9 + S. nodorum ( $10^4$ spore/mL)			
at plant G.S. 10.5.4(Sequential stress)			
S. tritici (100% at $5 \times 10^5$ spores/mL) at plant G.S.9 + S.			
<i>nodorum</i> $(10^4 \text{ spore/mL})$ at plant G.S. 10.5.4	6.32 🖊	N/A	N/A
(Sequential stress)			
<i>S. tritici</i> + <i>S. nodorum</i> (50:50 mixture at			
$5 \times 10^{5}$ spores/mL) at plant G.S.9 + S. nodorum ( $5 \times 10^{5}$	8.69 🖊	N/A	N/A
spore/mL) at plant G.S. 10.5.4 (Sequential stress)			
S. tritici + S. nodorum (75:25 mixture at $5 \times 10^5$			
spores/mL) at plant G.S.9 + S. nodorum $(5 \times 10^5)$	13.77 🖊	N/A	N/A
spore/mL) at plant G.S. 10.5.4 (Sequential stress)			
S. tritici + S. nodorum (90:10 mixture at $5 \times 10^5$			
spore/mL) at plant G.S.9 + S. nodorum $(5 \times 10^5)$	14.03 🖊	N/A	N/A
spore/mL) at plant G.S. 10.5.4(Sequential stress)			
S. tritici (100% at $5 \times 10^5$ spore/mL) at plant G.S.9+ S.			
<i>nodorum</i> (5x10 <sup>5</sup> spore/mL) at plant G.S. 10.5.4	13.21 🖊	N/A	N/A
(Sequential stress)			
S. nodorum $(10^4 \text{ spore/mL})$ at plant G.S. 10.5.4	8.34 🖊	N/A	N/A
<i>S. nodorum</i> (5x10 <sup>5</sup> spore/mL) at plant G.S. 10.5.4	13.42 🖊	N/A	N/A

(N/A–Not available; G.S. –Growth stage\*\*)

**Note:** Values presented in the table were calculated using the formula described below.

*Reduction over control (%) =* 

Value Control

(Value <sub>Control</sub> – Value <sub>Stress</sub>)

**↓***-* indicates plant parameter is more affected by stress that leads to high susceptibility (higher the value more the damage).

-x 100

\*\*'- For more information on parameters classification, please refer to 'methodology' tab \*\*\*'- G.S 1-5: Tillering, G.S 6-10: Stem extension, G.S 10.1-10.5: Heading, G.S 11: Ripening (Feekes scale by Large E.C. 1954)

## **B.** The interaction between the fungal pathogens under combined stress treatment at the plant interface

The table shows the interaction between fungus *S. tritici and S. nodorum* in wheat cultivars in relation to the assessment of glume blotch disease

Cultivar	Treatment	Response under combined stress (Type B parameters*)		
	l reatment	Leaf disease scored (%)		
		Youngest leaves	Flag leaves	
Kolibri	S. tritici + S. nodorum (50:50 mixture at $5x10^5$ spores/mL) at G.S.9 (Simultaneous stress)	12.67	N/A	
	<i>S. tritici</i> + <i>S. nodorum</i> (75:25 mixture at 5x10 <sup>5</sup> spores/mL) at G.S.9 (Simultaneous stress)	12.33	N/A	
	S. tritici + S. nodorum (90:10 mixture at $5 \times 10^5$ spores/mL) at G.S.9 (Simultaneous stress)	10.83	N/A	
	S. nodorum at G.S.9 (5x10 <sup>5</sup> spores/mL)100%	13.5	N/A	

	S. tritici at G.S.9 (5x10 <sup>5</sup> spores/mL)100%	11.67	N/A
Sappo	S. tritici + S. nodorum (50:50 mixture at $5x10^5$ spores/mL) at G.S.9 (Simultaneous stress)	18.5	N/A
	S. tritici + S. nodorum (75:25 mixture at $5x10^5$ spores/mL) at G.S.9 (Simultaneous stress)	16.5	N/A
	S. tritici + S. nodorum (90:10 mixture at $5x10^{5}$ spores/mL) at G.S.9 (Simultaneous stress)	12.33	N/A
	S. nodorum at G.S.9 (5x10 <sup>5</sup> spores/mL)100%	22.17	N/A
	S. tritici at G.S.9 (5x10 <sup>5</sup> spores/mL)100%	12.17	N/A
Maris Huntsman	S. tritici ( $10^4$ spores/mL) inoculated thrice at plant G.S.1, G.S.4, G.S.9 + S. nodorum ( $5x10^5$ spores/mL) at plant G.S. 10.5.3 (Sequential stress)	N/A	22.5
	S. tritici $(10^4 \text{ spores/mL})$ inoculated thrice at plant G.S.1, G.S.4, G.S.9	N/A	12
	<i>S. nodorum</i> (5x10 <sup>5</sup> spores/mL) at plant G.S. 10.5.3	N/A	11.2
	Uninoculated	N/A	0
Maris Ranger	S. tritici $(10^4 \text{ spores/mL})$ inoculated thrice at plant G.S.1, G.S.4, G.S.9 + S. nodorum at plant G.S. 10.5.3 (Sequential stress)	N/A	45.3
	S. tritici $(10^4 \text{ spores/mL})$ inoculated thrice at plant G.S.1, G.S.4, G.S.9	N/A	17.8
	<i>S. nodorum</i> (5x10 <sup>5</sup> spores/mL) at plant G.S. 10.5.3	N/A	25
	Uninoculated	N/A	0

(N/A–Not available; G.S.–Growth stage\*\*)

For raw data – Click here (.xlsx file)

Reference– Jenkins PD, Jones DG (1981) The effects of dual inoculation of wheat cultivars with *Septoria tritici* and *Septoria nodorum*. Phytopath. **101:**210-221

**Note:** *Values are presented as it is from the source article without subjecting to the calculation.* 

*`\*`- For more information on parameters classification, please refer to 'methodology' tab `\*\*`- G.S 1-5: Tillering, G.S 6-10: Stem extension, G.S 10.1-10.5: Heading, G.S 11: Ripening on the Feekes scale by Large E.C. 1954* 

The inference from the study: Jenkins and Jones, 1981 have studied the possible interaction between the *Septoria* species, i.e., *S. tritici* and *S. nodorum* in the wheat plants by giving treatment at a different of growth stages. Five wheat cultivars called Maris Widgeon, Cappelle-Desprez, Maris Nimrod, Kolibri, and Sappo were investigated for the data collection on disease level with the assessment of yield. The overall observation from this study revealed that the combined inoculation of the pathogens caused a smaller yield reduction than the sum total reductions by a single pathogen in plants of all the cultivars.